

DATA PROTECTION POLICY & PROCEDURES

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1 Policy Statement

The Association of Eircom Pensioners (AOEP) (hereinafter referred to as the "Association") has a need to collect personal information to effectively carry out our everyday functions and activities. Such data is collected from the pensioners such as their, name, address, email address, date of birth and other private and confidential information and bank/credit card details.

In addition, we may be required to collect and use certain types of personal information to comply with the requirements of the law and/or regulations, however we are committed to processing all personal information in accordance with the *General Data Protection Regulation (GDPR)*, *Irish data protection laws* and any other relevant data protection laws and codes of conduct (herein collectively referred to as "the data protection laws").

The Association has developed policies, procedures, controls and measures to ensure maximum and continued compliance with the data protection laws and principles, including staff training, procedure documents, audit measures and assessments. Ensuring and maintaining the security and confidentiality of personal and/or special category data is one of our top priorities and we are proud to operate a 'Privacy by Design' approach, assessing changes and their impact from the start and designing systems and processes to protect personal information at the core of our Association.

2 Purpose

The purpose of this policy is to ensure that the Association meets its legal, statutory and regulatory requirements under the data protection laws and to ensure that all personal and special category information is processed compliantly and, in the individuals, best interest.

The data protection laws include provisions that promote accountability and governance and as such the Association has put comprehensive and effective governance measures into place to meet these provisions. The aim of such measures is to ultimately minimise the risk of breaches and uphold the protection of personal data. This policy also serves as a reference document for Board Members and third-parties on the responsibilities of handling and accessing personal data and data subject requests.

3 SCOPE

This policy applies to all members within the Association (agency workers, volunteers, interns and agents engaged with the Association in Ireland or overseas). Adherence to this policy is mandatory and non-compliance could lead to disciplinary action.

3.1 DEFINITIONS

 "Biometric data" means personal data resulting from specific technical processing relating to the physical, physiological or behavioural characteristics of a natural person, which allow or

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confirm the unique identification of that natural person, such as facial images or dactyloscopic data.

- "Binding Corporate Rules" means personal data protection policies which are adhered to by the Association for transfers of personal data to a controller or processor.
- "Consent" of the data subject means any freely given, specific, informed and unambiguous indication of the data subject's wishes by which he or she, by a statement or by a clear affirmative action, signifies agreement to the processing of personal data relating to him or her.
- "Cross Border Processing" means processing of personal data which:
 - o takes place in more than one Member State; or
 - which substantially affects or is likely to affect data subjects in more than one Member State
- "Data controller" means, the natural or legal person, public authority, agency or other body
 which, alone or jointly with others, determines the purposes and means of the processing of
 personal data; where the purposes and means of such processing are determined by Union
 or Member State law, the controller or the specific criteria for its nomination may be
 provided for by Union or Member State law.
- "Data processor" means a natural or legal person, public authority, agency or other body which processes personal data on behalf of the controller.
- "Data protection laws" means for the purposes of this document, the collective description of the GDPR and any other relevant data protection laws that the Association complies with.
- "Data subject" means an individual who is the subject of personal data
- "GDPR" means the General Data Protection Regulation (EU) (2016/679)
- "Genetic data" means personal data relating to the inherited or acquired genetic
 characteristics of a natural person which give unique information about the physiology or the
 health of that natural person and which result, in particular, from an analysis of a biological
 sample from the natural person in question.
- "Personal data" means any information relating to an identified or identifiable natural person ('data subject'); an identifiable natural person is one who can be identified, directly or indirectly, in particular by reference to an identifier such as a name, an identification number, location data, an online identifier or to one or more factors specific to the physical, physiological, genetic, mental, economic, cultural or social identity of that natural person.
- "Processing" means any operation or set of operations which is performed on personal data
 or on sets of personal data, whether or not by automated means, such as collection,
 recording, organisation, structuring, storage, adaptation or alteration, retrieval, consultation,
 use, disclosure by transmission, dissemination or otherwise making available, alignment or
 combination, restriction, erasure or destruction.
- "Profiling" means any form of automated processing of personal data consisting of the use of

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personal data to evaluate certain personal aspects relating to a natural person, in particular to analyse or predict aspects concerning that natural person's performance at work, economic situation, health, personal preferences, interests, reliability, behaviour, location or movements.

- "Recipient" means a natural or legal person, public authority, agency or another body, to which the personal data are disclosed, whether a third party or not. However, public authorities which may receive personal data in the framework of a particular inquiry in accordance with Union or Member State law shall not be regarded as recipients; the processing of those data by those public authorities shall be in compliance with the applicable data protection rules according to the purposes of the processing.
- "Supervisory Authority" means an independent public authority which is established by a Member State
- "Third Party" means a natural or legal person, public authority, agency or body other than the data subject, under our direct authority

3.2 GENERAL DATA PROTECTION REGULATION (GDPR)

The *General Data Protection Regulation (GDPR) (EU) 2016/679)* was approved by the European Commission in April 2016 and will apply to all EU Member States from 25th May 2018. As a 'Regulation' rather than a 'Directive', its rules apply directly to Member States, replacing their existing local data protection laws and repealing and replacing Directive 95/46EC and its Member State implementing legislation.

As the Association processes personal information regarding individuals (*data subjects*), we are obligated under the General Data Protection Regulation (GDPR) to protect such information, and to obtain, use, process, store and destroy it, only in compliance with its rules and principles.

3.2.1 Personal Data

Information protected under the GDPR is known as "personal data" and is defined as: -

"Any information relating to an identified or identifiable natural person; an identifiable natural person is one who can be identified, directly or indirectly, in particular by reference to an identifier such as a name, an identification number, location data, an online identifier or to one or more factors specific to the physical, physiological, genetic, mental, economic, cultural or social identity of that natural person."

The type of data this organisation collects, and processes include the following:

- Electronic data
- Paper-based data

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3.2.2 THE GDPR PRINCIPLES

Article 5 of the GDPR requires that personal data shall be: -

- a) processed lawfully, fairly and in a transparent manner in relation to the data subject ('lawfulness, fairness and transparency')
- b) collected for specified, explicit and legitimate purposes and not further processed in a manner that is incompatible with those purposes; further processing for archiving purposes in the public interest, scientific or historical research purposes or statistical purposes shall, in accordance with Article 89(1), not be considered to be incompatible with the initial purposes ('purpose limitation')
- c) adequate, relevant and limited to what is necessary in relation to the purposes for which they are processed ('data minimisation')
- d) accurate and, where necessary, kept up to date; every reasonable step must be taken to ensure that personal data that are inaccurate, having regard to the purposes for which they are processed, are erased or rectified without delay ('accuracy')
- e) kept in a form which permits identification of data subjects for no longer than is necessary for the purposes for which the personal data are processed; personal data may be stored for longer periods insofar as the personal data will be processed solely for archiving purposes in the public interest, scientific or historical research purposes or statistical purposes in accordance with Article 89(1) subject to implementation of the appropriate technical and organisational measures required by this Regulation in order to safeguard the rights and freedoms of the data subject ('storage limitation')
- f) processed in a manner that ensures appropriate security of the personal data, including protection against unauthorised or unlawful processing and against accidental loss, destruction or damage, using appropriate technical or organisational measures ('integrity and confidentiality').

Article 5(2) requires that 'the controller shall be responsible for, and be able to demonstrate, compliance with the data protection laws principles' ('accountability') and requires that firms **show** how they comply with the principles, detailing and summarising the measures and controls that they have in place to protect personal information and mitigate the risks of processing.

3.3 THE OFFICE OF THE DATA PROTECTION COMMISSIONER (DPC)

The ODPC is an independent regulatory office whose role it is to uphold information rights in the public interest. The legislation they have oversight for includes: -

- The Data Protection Acts 2018
- Regulation (EU) 2016/679, General Data Protection Regulation (GDPR)

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• The Privacy and Electronic Communication (EU Directive) Regulations 2011

The ODPC's mission statement is "to uphold information rights in the public interest, promoting openness by public bodies and data privacy for individuals" and they can issue enforcement notices and fines for breaches in any of the Regulations, Acts and/or Laws regulated by them.

Under the data protection laws the DPC, as Ireland's Data Protection Supervisory Authority, will have a similar role as previously, when it comes to oversight, enforcement and responding to complaints with regards to the data protection laws and those firms located solely in Ireland.

3.4 DATA PROTECTION OFFICER

Articles 37-39, and Recital 97 of the GDPR detail the obligations, requirements and responsibilities on firms to appoint a Data Protection Officer and specifies the duties that the officer themselves must perform.

A Data Protection Officer (DPO) must be appointed by a firm where: -

- The processing is carried out by a public authority or body (except for courts acting in their judicial capacity)
- the core activities of the controller/processor consist of processing operations which, by virtue of their nature, their scope and/or their purposes, require regular and systematic monitoring of data subjects on a large scale
- the core activities of the controller/processor consist of processing on a large scale of special categories of data pursuant to Article 9 and personal data relating to criminal convictions and offences referred to in Article 10

Where the Association has appointed a designated **DPO**, we have done so in accordance with the GDPR requirements and have ensured that the assigned person has an adequate and expert knowledge of data protection law. They have been assessed as being fully capable of assisting the Association in monitoring our internal compliance with the Regulation and supporting and advising Board Members and associated third parties with regards to the data protection laws and requirements.

4 OBJECTIVES

We are committed to ensuring that all personal data processed by the Association is done so in accordance with the data protection laws and its principles, along with any associated regulations and/or codes of conduct laid down by the Supervisory Authority and local law. We ensure the safe, secure, ethical and transparent processing of all personal data and have stringent measures to enable data subjects to exercise their rights.

The Association has developed the below objectives to meet our data protection obligations and to ensure continued compliance with the legal and regulatory requirements.

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The Association ensures that: -

- We protect the rights of individuals with regards to the processing of personal information
- We develop, implement and maintain a data protection policy, procedure, audit plan and training program for compliance with the data protection laws
- All day to day practices, functions and process's carried out by the Association, is monitored for compliance with the data protection laws and its principles
- Personal data is only processed where we have verified and met the lawfulness of processing requirements
- We only process special category data in accordance with the GDPR requirements
- We record consent at the time it is obtained and evidence such consent to the Supervisory Authority where requested
- All Board Members are competent and knowledgeable about their GDPR obligations and are provided with in-depth training in the data protection laws, principles, regulations and how they apply to their specific role and the Association
- Individuals feel secure when providing us with personal information and know that it will be handled in accordance with their rights under the data protection laws
- We maintain a continuous program of monitoring, review and improvement with regards to compliance with the data protection laws and to identify gaps and non-compliance before they become a risk, affecting mitigating actions where necessary
- We monitor the Supervisory Authority, European Data Protection Board (EDPB) and any GDPR news and updates, to stay abreast of changes, notifications and additional requirements
- We have robust and documented Complaint Handling and Data Breach controls for identifying, investigating, reviewing and reporting any breaches or complaints with regards to data protection
- We have appointed a **Data Protection Officer** who takes responsibility for the overall supervision, implementation and ongoing compliance with the data protection laws and performs specific duties as set out under Article 37 of the GDPR
- We have a dedicated Audit & Monitoring Program in place to perform regular checks and assessments on how the personal data we process is obtained, used, stored and shared. The audit program is reviewed against our data protection policies, procedures and the relevant regulations to ensure continued compliance
- We provide clear reporting lines and supervision with regards to data protection
- We store and destroy all personal information, in accordance with our retention policy and schedule which has been developed from the legal, regulatory and statutory requirements and suggested timeframes
- Any information provided to an individual in relation to personal data held or used about

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them, with be provided in a concise, transparent, intelligible and easily accessible form, using clear and plain language

- Board Members are aware of their own rights under the data protection laws and are provided with the Article 13/14 information disclosures in the form of a Privacy Notice
- Where applicable, we maintain records of processing activities in accordance with the Article 30 requirements
- We have developed and documented appropriate technical and organisational measures and controls for personal data security and have a robust Information Security program in place

5 GOVERNANCE PROCEDURES

5.1 ACCOUNTABILITY & COMPLIANCE

Due to the nature, scope, context and purposes of processing undertaken by the Association, we carry out frequent risk assessments and information audits to identify, assess, measure and monitor the impact of such processing. We have implemented adequate and appropriate technical and organisational measures to ensure the safeguarding of personal data and compliance with the data protection laws and can evidence such measures through our documentation and practices.

Our main governance objectives are to: -

- Educate senior management and Board Members about the requirements under the data protection laws and the possible impact of non-compliance
- Provide a dedicated and effective data protection training program for all board members
- Identify key stakeholders to support the data protection compliance program
- Allocate responsibility for data protection compliance and ensure that the designated person(s) has sufficient access, support and budget to perform the role
- Identify, create and disseminate the reporting lines within the data protection governance structure

The technical and organisational measures that the Association has in place to ensure and demonstrate compliance with the data protection laws, regulations and codes of conduct, are detailed in this document and associated information security policies.

5.1.1 PRIVACY BY DESIGN

We operate a 'Privacy by Design' approach and ethos, with the aim of mitigating the risks associated with processing personal data through prevention via our processes, systems and activities. We have developed controls and measures (detailed below), that help us enforce this ethos.

Data Minimisation

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Under Article 5 of the GDPR, principle (c) advises that data should be 'limited to what is necessary', which forms the basis of our minimalist approach. We only ever obtain, retain, process and share the data that is essential for carrying out our services and/or meeting our legal obligations and only retain data for as long as is necessary.

Our systems, Board Members, processes and activities are designed to limit the collection of personal information to that which is directly relevant and necessary to accomplish the specified purpose. Data minimisation enables us to reduce data protection risks and breaches and supports our compliance with the data protection laws.

Measures to ensure that only the necessary data is collected includes: -

- Electronic collection (i.e. forms, website, surveys etc) only have the fields that are relevant to the purpose of collection and subsequent processing. We do not include 'optional' fields, as optional denotes that it is not necessary to obtain
- Physical collection (i.e. face-to-face, telephone etc) is supported using scripts and internal forms where the required data collection is ascertained using predefined fields. Again, only that which is relevant and necessary is collected
- We have documented destruction procedures in place where a data subject or third-party provides us with personal information that is surplus to requirement
- Forms, contact pages and any documents used to collect personal information are reviewed every 3-months to ensure they are fit for purpose and only obtaining necessary personal information in relation to the legal basis being relied on and the purpose of processing

Pseudonymisation

We utilise pseudonymisation where possible to record and store personal data in a way that ensures it can no longer be attributed to a specific data subject without the use of separate, additional information (*personal identifiers*). Encryption and partitioning is also used to protect the personal identifiers, being kept separate from the pseudonymised data sets.

When using pseudonymisation, we ensure that the attribute(s) being removed and replaced, are unique and prevent the data subject from being identified through the remaining markers and attributes. Pseudonymisation can mean that the data subject is still likely to be identified indirectly and as such, we use this technique in conjunction with other technical and operational measures of risk reduction and data protection.

Restriction

Our *Privacy by Design* approach means that we use Association-wide restriction methods for all personal data activities. Restricting access is built into the foundation of the Association's processes, systems and structure and ensures that only those with authorisation and/or a relevant purpose have access to personal information.

Refer to our **Access Control Policy** in our Information Security program for further details.

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Hard Copy Data

Due to the nature of our functions, it is sometimes essential for us to obtain process and share personal and special category information which are only available in a paper format without pseudonymisation options. Where this is necessary, we utilise a tiered approach to minimise the information we hold and/or the length of time we hold it for. **Steps include:** -

- In the first instance, we always ask the initial data controller to send copies of any personal information records directly to the data subject
- Where step 1 is not possible or feasible, we will obtain a copy of the data and if applicable
 redact to ensure that only the relevant information remains (i.e. when the data is being
 passed to a third-party for processing and not directly to the data subject)
- When only mandatory information is visible on the hard copy data, we utilise electronic formats to send the information to the recipient to ensure that encryption methods can be applied.
- Recipients (i.e. the data subject, third-party processer) are re-verified and their identity and contact details checked
- The Data Protection Officer authorises the transfer and checks the file(s) attached and encryption method and key
- Once confirmation has been obtained that the recipient has received the personal
 information, where possible (within the legal guidelines and rules of the data protection
 laws), we destroy the hard copy data and delete the sent message
- If for any reason a copy of the paper data must be retained by the Association, we use a safe place to store such documents as oppose to our standard archiving system

5.2 LEGAL BASIS FOR PROCESSING (LAWFULNESS)

At the core of all personal information processing activities undertaken by the Association, is the assurance and verification that we are complying with Article 6 of the GDPR and our lawfulness of processing obligations. Prior to carrying out any personal data processing activity, we identify and establish the legal basis for doing so and verify these against the regulation requirements to ensure we are using the most appropriate legal basis.

The types of data we process include the following:

- Name
- Address
- Pension Number
- Phone Numbers
- Email

The legal basis is documented on our information audit register and in our Privacy Notice and, where applicable, is provided to the data subject and Supervisory Authority as part of our information

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disclosure obligations. Data is only obtained, processed or stored when we have met the lawfulness of processing requirements, where: -

- The data subject has given consent to the processing of their personal data for one or more specific purposes
- Processing is necessary for the performance of a contract to which the data subject is party or
 in order to take steps at the request of the data subject prior to entering into a contract
- Processing is necessary for compliance with a legal obligation to which we are subject
- Processing is necessary in order to protect the vital interests of the data subject or of another natural person
- Processing is necessary for the performance of a task carried out in the public interest or in the exercise of official authority vested in the Association
- Processing is necessary for the purposes of the legitimate interests pursued by the Association or by a third party (except where such interests are overridden by the interests or fundamental rights and freedoms of the data subject which require protection of personal data.

5.2.1 RECORDS OF PROCESSING ACTIVITIES

As an organisation with **250** or more members (or where conditions 2,3,4 or 5 above apply); the Association maintains records of all processing activities and maintains such records in writing, in a clear and easy to read format and readily available to the Supervisory Authority upon request.

Acting in the capacity as a controller (or a representative), our internal records of the processing activities carried out under our responsibility, contain the following information: -

- Our full name and contact details and the name and contact details of the Data Protection Officer. Where applicable, we also record any joint controller and/or the controller's representative
- The purposes of the processing
- A description of the categories of data subjects and of the categories of personal data
- The categories of recipients to whom the personal data has or will be disclosed.
- Where possible, the envisaged time limits for erasure of the different categories of data
- A general description of the processing security measures as outlined in section 12 of this document (pursuant to Article 32(1) of the data protection laws)

5.3 THIRD-PARTY PROCESSORS

The Association utilise external processors for certain processing activities (where applicable). We use information audits to identify, categorise and record all personal data that is processed outside of

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the Association, so that the information, processing activity, processor and legal basis are all recorded, reviewed and easily accessible. **Such external processing includes** (but is not limited to): -

- IT Systems and Services
- Legal Services
- Debt Collection Services
- Human Resources
- Payroll
- Hosting or Email Servers
- Credit Reference Agencies
- Direct Marketing/Mailing Services

We have strict due diligence and Know Your Customer procedures and measures in place and review, assess and background check all processors prior to forming a business relationship. We obtain Association documents, certifications, references and ensure that the processor is adequate, appropriate and effective for the task we are employing them for.

We audit their processes and activities prior to contract and during the contract period to ensure compliance with the data protection regulations and review any codes of conduct that they are obligated under to confirm compliance.

The continued protection of data subjects' rights and the security of their personal information is always our top priority when choosing a processor and we understand the importance of adequate and reliable outsourcing for processing activities as well as our continued obligations under the data protection laws for data processed and handled by a third-party.

We draft bespoke Service Level Agreements (SLAs) and contracts with each processor as per the services provided and have a dedicated Processor Agreement template that details: -

- The processors data protection obligations
- Our expectations, rights and obligations
- The processing duration, aims and objectives
- The data subjects' rights and safeguarding measures
- The nature and purpose of the processing
- The type of personal data and categories of data subjects

Each of the areas specified in the contract are monitored, audited and reported on. Processors are notified that they shall not engage another processor without our prior specific authorisation and any intended changes concerning the addition or replacement of existing processors must be done in writing, in advance of any such changes being implemented.

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The Processor Agreement and any associated contract reflect the fact that the processor: -

- Processes the personal data only on our documented instructions
- Seeks our authorisation to transfer personal data to a third country or an international organisation (unless required to do so by a law to which the processor is subject)
- Shall inform us of any such legal requirement to transfer data before processing
- Ensures that persons authorised to process the personal data have committed themselves to confidentiality or are under an appropriate statutory obligation of confidentiality
- Takes all measures to secure the personal data at all times
- Respects, supports and complies with our obligation to respond to requests for exercising the data subject's rights
- Assists the Association in ensuring compliance with our obligations for data security, mitigating risks, breach notification and privacy impact assessments
- When requested, deletes or returns all personal data to the Association after the end of the provision of services relating to processing, and deletes existing copies where possible
- Makes available to the Association all information necessary to demonstrate compliance with the obligations set out in the agreement and contract
- Allows and supports audits, monitoring, inspections and reporting as set out in the contract
- Informs the Association immediately of any breaches, non-compliance or inability to carry out their duties as detailed in the contract

5.4 DATA RETENTION & DISPOSAL

The Association has defined procedures for adhering to the retention periods as set out by the relevant laws, contracts and our day to day functions, as well as adhering to the GDPR requirement to only hold and process personal information for as long as is necessary. All personal data is disposed of in a way that protects the rights and privacy of data subjects (e.g. shredding, disposal as confidential waste, secure electronic deletion) and prioritises the protection of the personal data in all instances.

Please refer to our *Data Retention & Erasure Policy* for full details on our retention, storage, periods and destruction processes.

6 DATA PROTECTION IMPACT ASSESSMENTS (DPIA)

The Association does not currently carry out any processing activities that are defined as requiring a DPIA however we continually monitor all activities against the GDPR Article 35 requirements and have robust DPIA procedures already developed should they be necessary.

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7 DATA SUBJECT RIGHTS PROCEDURES

7.1 PRIVACY NOTICE

The Association defines a Privacy Notice as a document, form, webpage or pop-up that is provided to individuals at the time we collect their personal data (or at the earliest possibility where that data is obtained indirectly).

Our Privacy Notice includes the Article 13 (where collected directly from individual) or 14 (where not collected directly) requirements and provides individuals with all the necessary and legal information about how, why and when we process their data, along with their rights and obligations.

We have a link to our Privacy Notice on our website and provide a copy of physical and digital formats upon request. The notice is the customer facing policy that provides the legal information on how we handle process and disclose personal information.

The notice is easily accessible, legible, jargon free and is available in several formats, dependant on the method of data collection: -

- Via our website
- Linked to or written in full in the footer of emails
- Worded in full in agreements, contracts, forms and other materials where data is collected in writing or face-to-face
- Verbally via telephone or face-to-face
- Via SMS
- Printed media, adverts and financial promotions

With lengthy content being provided in the privacy notice and with informed consent being based on its contents, we have tested, assessed and reviewed our privacy notice to ensure usability, effectiveness and understanding.

7.2 THE RIGHT OF ACCESS

We have ensured that appropriate measures have been taken to provide information referred to in Articles 13/14 and any communication under Articles 15 to 22 and 34 (collectively, The Rights of Data Subjects), in a concise, transparent, intelligible and easily accessible form, using clear and plain language.

Such information is provided free of charge and is in writing, or by other means where authorised by the data subject and with prior verification as to the subject's identity (i.e. verbally, electronic).

Information is provided to the data subject at the earliest convenience, but at a maximum of one calendar month from the date the request is received. Where the retrieval or provision of

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information is particularly complex or is subject to a valid delay, the period may be extended by two further months where necessary. However, this is only done in exceptional circumstances and the data subject is kept informed in writing throughout the retrieval process of any delays or reasons for delay.

Where we do not comply with a request for data provision, the data subject is informed within one calendar month of the reason(s) for the refusal and of their right to lodge a complaint with the Supervisory Authority.

7.2.1 SUBJECT ACCESS REQUEST

Where a data subject asks us to confirm whether we hold and process personal data concerning him or her and requests access to such data; we provide them with: -

- The purposes of the processing
- The categories of personal data concerned
- The recipients or categories of recipient to whom the personal data have been or will be disclosed
- If the data has or will be disclosed to a third countries or international organisations and the appropriate safeguards pursuant to the transfer
- Where possible, the envisaged period for which the personal data will be stored, or, if not
 possible, the criteria used to determine that period
- The existence of the right to request rectification or erasure of personal data or restriction of processing of personal data concerning the data subject or to object to such processing
- The right to lodge a complaint with a Supervisory Authority
- Where personal data has not been collected by the Association from the data subject, any available information as to the source and provider
- The existence of automated decision-making, including profiling and meaningful information about the logic involved, as well as the significance and the envisaged consequences of such processing for the data subject

Subject Access Requests (SARs) are passed to the **Data Protection Officer** as soon as received and a record of the request is noted. The type of personal data held about the individual is checked against our Information Audit to see what format it is held in, who else has it has been shared with and any specific timeframes for access.

SARs are always completed within 30-days and are provided free of charge. Where the individual makes the request by electronic means, we provide the information in a commonly used electronic format, unless an alternative format is requested.

Please refer to our external *Subject Access Request Procedures* for the guidelines on how an SAR can be made and what steps we take to ensure that access is provided under the data protection laws.

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7.3 Rectification & Erasure

7.3.1 CORRECTING INACCURATE OR INCOMPLETE DATA

Pursuant to Article 5(d), all data held and processed by the Association is reviewed and verified as being accurate wherever possible and is always kept up to date. Where inconsistencies are identified and/or where the data subject or controller informs us that the data we hold is inaccurate, we take every reasonable step to ensure that such inaccuracies are corrected with immediate effect.

The **Data Protection Officer** is notified of the data subjects request to update personal data and is responsible for validating the information and rectifying errors where he/she has been notified. The information is altered as directed by the data subject, with the information audit being checked to ensure that all data relating to the subject is updated where incomplete or inaccurate. Once updated, we add an addendum or supplementary statement where applicable.

Where notified of inaccurate data by the data subject, we will rectify the error within one calendar month and inform any third party of the rectification if we have disclosed the personal data in question to them. The data subject is informed in writing of the correction and where applicable, is provided with the details of any third-party to whom the data has been disclosed.

If for any reason, we are unable to act in response to a request for rectification and/or completion, we always provide a written explanation to the individual and inform them of their right to complain to the Supervisory Authority and to a judicial remedy.

7.3.2 THE RIGHT TO ERASURE

Also, known as 'The Right to be Forgotten' the Association complies fully with Article 5(e) and ensures that personal data which identifies a data subject, is not kept longer than is necessary for the purposes for which the personal data is processed.

All personal data obtained and processed by the Association is categorised when assessed by the information audit and is either given an erasure date or is monitored so that it can be destroyed when no longer necessary.

7.4 THE RIGHT TO RESTRICT PROCESSING

There are certain circumstances where the Association restricts the processing of personal information, to validate, verify or comply with a legal requirement of a data subject's request. Restricted data is removed from the normal flow of information and is recorded as being restricted on the information audit.

Any account and/or system related to the data subject of restricted data is updated to notify users of the restriction category and reason. When data is restricted it is only stored and not processed in any way.

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The Association will apply restrictions to data processing in the following circumstances: -

- Where an individual contest the accuracy of the personal data and we are in the process verifying the accuracy of the personal data and/or making corrections
- Where an individual has objected to the processing (where it was necessary for the
 performance of a public interest task or purpose of legitimate interests), and we are
 considering whether we have legitimate grounds to override those of the individual
- When processing is deemed to have been unlawful, but the data subject requests restriction as oppose to erasure
- Where we no longer need the personal data, but the data subject requires the data to establish, exercise or defend a legal claim

The Data Protection Officer reviews and authorises all restriction requests and actions and retains copies of notifications from and to data subjects and relevant third-parties. Where data is restricted, and we have disclosed such data to a third-party, we will inform the third-party of the restriction in place and the reason and re-inform them if any such restriction is lifted.

Data subjects who have requested restriction of data are informed within one calendar month of the restriction application and are also advised of any third-party to whom the data has been disclosed. We also provide in writing to the data subject, any decision to lift a restriction on processing. If for any reason, we are unable to act in response to a request for restriction, we always provide a written explanation to the individual and inform them of their right to complain to the Supervisory Authority and to a judicial remedy.

8 Oversight Procedures

8.1 SECURITY & BREACH MANAGEMENT

Alongside our 'Privacy by Design' approach to protecting data, we ensure the maximum security of data that is processed, including as a priority, when it is shared, disclosed and transferred.

We carry out information audits to ensure that all personal data held and processed by us is accounted for and recorded, alongside risk assessments as to the scope and impact a data breach could have on data subject(s). We have implemented adequate and appropriate technical and organisational measures to ensure a level of security appropriate to the risk.

Whilst every effort and measure are taken to reduce the risk of data breaches, the Association has dedicated controls and procedures in place for such situations, along with the notifications to be made to the Supervisory Authority and data subjects (where applicable).

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9 AUDITS & MONITORING

This policy and procedure document detail the extensive controls, measures and methods used by the Association to protect personal data, uphold the rights of data subjects, mitigate risks, minimise breaches and comply with the data protection laws and associated laws and codes of conduct.

The **Data Protection Officer** has overall responsibility for assessing, testing, reviewing and improving the processes, measures and controls in place and reporting improvement action plans to the Management Committee where applicable. Data minimisation methods are frequently reviewed and new technologies assessed to ensure that we are protecting data and individuals to the best of our ability.

All reviews, audits and ongoing monitoring processes are recorded by the Data Protection Officer and copies provided to the Management Committee and are made readily available to the Supervisory Authority where requested.

The aim of internal data protection audits is to: -

- Ensure that the appropriate policies and procedures are in place
- To verify that those policies and procedures are being followed
- To test the adequacy and effectiveness of the measures and controls in place
- To detect breaches or potential breaches of compliance
- To identify risks and assess the mitigating actions in place to minimise such risks
- To recommend solutions and actions plans to the Management Committee for improvements in protecting data subjects and safeguarding their personal data
- To monitor compliance with the data protection laws and demonstrate best practice

10 TRAINING

Through our strong commitment and robust controls, we ensure that all Committee members understand, have access to and can easily interpret the data protection laws requirements and its principles and that those have ongoing training, support and assessments to ensure and demonstrate their knowledge, competence and adequacy for the role.

Committee Members are supported and trained in the data protection laws requirements and our own objectives and obligations around data protection.

11 PENALTIES

The Association understands its obligations and responsibilities under the data protection laws and recognises the severity of breaching any part of the law or Regulation. We respect the Supervisory Authority's authorisation under the legislation to impose and enforce fines and penalties on us

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where we fail to comply with the regulations, fail to mitigate the risks where possible and operate in a knowingly non-compliant manner.

Committee Members have been made aware of the severity of such penalties and their proportionate nature in accordance with the breach. *We recognise that:* -

- Breaches of the obligations of the controller, the processor, the certification body and the monitoring body, are subject to administrative fines up to €10,000,000 or 2 % of the total worldwide annual turnover of the preceding financial year, whichever is higher.
- Breaches of the basic principles for processing, conditions for consent, the data subjects'
 rights, the transfers of personal data to a recipient in a third country or an international
 organisation, specific processing situations (*Chapter IX*) or non-compliance with an order by
 the Supervisory Authority, are subject to administrative fines up to €20,000,000 or 4 % of the
 total worldwide annual turnover of the preceding financial year, whichever is higher.

12 RESPONSIBILITIES

The Association has appointed a **Data Protection Officer** whose role it is to identify and mitigate any risks to the protection of personal data, to act in an advisory capacity to the Association, its Committee Members and to actively stay informed and up-to-date with all legislation and changes relating to data protection.

The DPO will work in conjunction with the Committee Members to ensure that all processes, systems are operating compliantly and within the requirements of the data protection laws and its principles.

The DPO has overall responsibility for due diligence, privacy impact assessments, risk analysis and data transfers where personal data is involved and will also maintain adequate and effective records and management reports in accordance with the data protection laws and our own internal objectives and obligations.